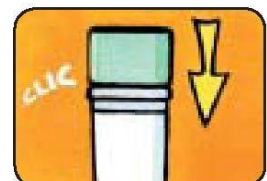


- 1) The kit is made up of a small container and a plastic sachet.
- 2) First of all, it is necessary to collect a stool sample. It is recommended to place a layer of toilet paper in the toilet to hold the stool for the time needed to collect the sample.
- 3) Unscrew and remove the green cap with the stick from the test tube, taking care not to spill the liquid inside.
- 4) Swipe the stick over the stool a few times horizontally and vertically. The amount of stool that remains on the ridge in the final part of the stick is sufficient for testing.
- 5) Insert the stick into the container, press it until you hear a click indicating that the lid is closed, then shake.
- 6) Place the sample in the sachet.
- 7) Hand in the container(s) within 3 days of collecting the samples (store in the fridge at 2–10 °C for up to 3 days).



ONLY FOR THE DETECTION OF OCCULT BLOOD IN STOOLS

- No special diet is required prior to the stool sample collection.
- Avoid contaminating the stool with urine.
- The sample should not be taken during the menstrual cycle.
- Do not take the sample if there is blood caused by haemorrhoids in the stool.
- Do not use the test tube if the stick breaks, or if the liquid leaks from the container.

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Director Dr. G. Bonetti

Mod./ASST

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